



### **IMIA 2010 Compensation Survey**

Presented at the 2010 International Medical Interpreters Conference September 3-5, 2010

Cynthia Schenck
IMIA Executive Board Director & Fundraising Committee Chair





#### **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

Special thanks to the following organizations who collaborated with the IMIA to create the 2010 Salary Survey:

- Association of Translators and Interpreters of Florida (ATIF)
- Medical Interpreter Network of Georgia (MING)
- Nebraska Association of Translators and Interpreters (NATI)
- Southeast Medical Interpreters Association (SEMIA)





#### **ABOUT THE SURVEY**

- This is the International Medical Interpreter Associations fifth national salary survey
- The survey was launched on April 29, 2010 and closed July 30, 2010
- 4,357 Medical Interpreters were invited to answer the survey and 1,083 answered the survey
- The 2010 salary survey has yielded the strongest data yet, thanks to our collaborators and improved research technologies



#### The IMIA launched this fifth annual survey to:

- Build upon previous statistics
- Further analyze the complexities of the medical Interpreter profession
- Work towards developing an industry standard for the wages of medical interpreters

The results were revealing, painting a picture of a global, vibrant profession, with robust data to contend for improved quality and compensation.





#### How international are we?

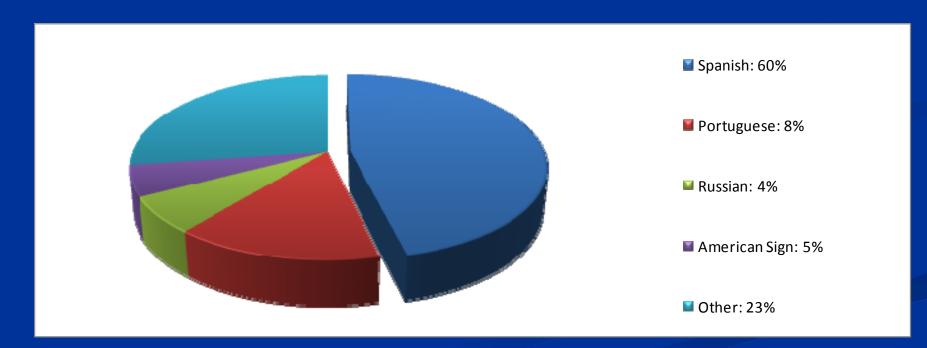
1083 Respondents reported currently working in twenty eight (28) countries:

Afghanistan, Argentina, Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada, Congo, Costa Rica, Georgia, Haiti, Italy, Japan, South Korea, Mexico, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Russia, Somalia, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom, United States, and Vietnam





## Respondents reported 48 languages used in medical interpretation







# The Languages Reported In Use By Professional Medical Interpreters Distribution:

- Spanish as the most reported (60%)
- Top 10 languages: Portuguese, American Sign Language, Russian, Haitian, Arabic, Chinese (Mandarin and Cantonese) Korean, French, and Vietnamese





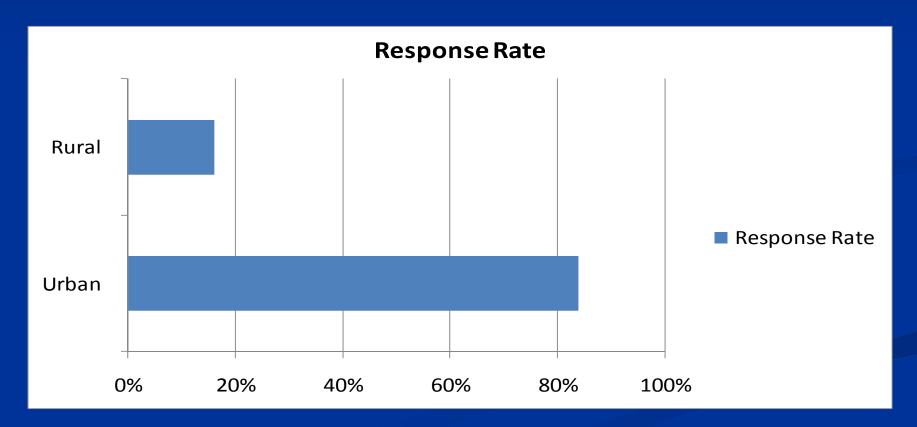
## INTERPRETER SERVICES DEVELOPMENT

- 73% of Respondents in Urban Regions reported local interpreter services as well developed
- 64% of Respondents in Rural Regions reported local interpreters services as well developed
- Denotes a 9% difference





## 86% of Respondents Reported Working in an Urban Environment







#### Respondent Demographics

■ 79% of Respondents were Female

- 47% self-identified as Hispanic or Latino
- 71% possess a Bachelor's Degree or higher, of which 25% possess a Master's Degree, and 5% possess a PhD





### Training as a Medical Interpreter

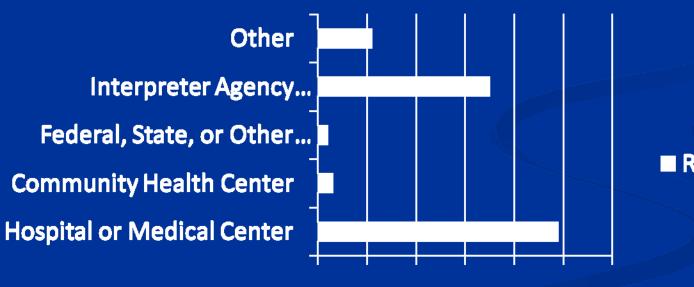
- 72% of respondents reported attending formal training (offered at a University or other academic Institution)
  - 46% reported attending a program that was 40-60 hrs
- 68% reported attending occupational training at a company or through a training program
  - 37% reported attending a program that was 8 39 hours
  - 33% reported attending a program that was 40- 60 hours





## TYPES OF ORGANIZATIONS RESPONDENTS WORK FOR

#### **Response Rate**



**■** Response Rate

0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60%





### Respondent Data/ Demographics

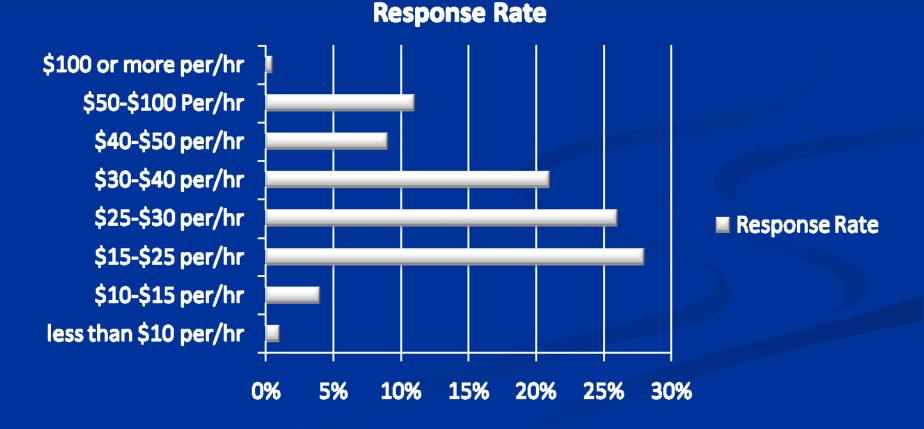
- 631 Respondents are per diem medical interpreters.
- 500 Respondents are full or part time medical Interpreters
- 209 Respondents are managers, administrators, or directors of medical interpreter services
  - 88.15 % of administrators have worked as an interpreter at some point in their career
- 46 telephone or video interpreters paid per minute
- 177 telephone or video interpreters paid per hour





#### **COMPENSATION RESULTS FOR ADMINISTRATORS**

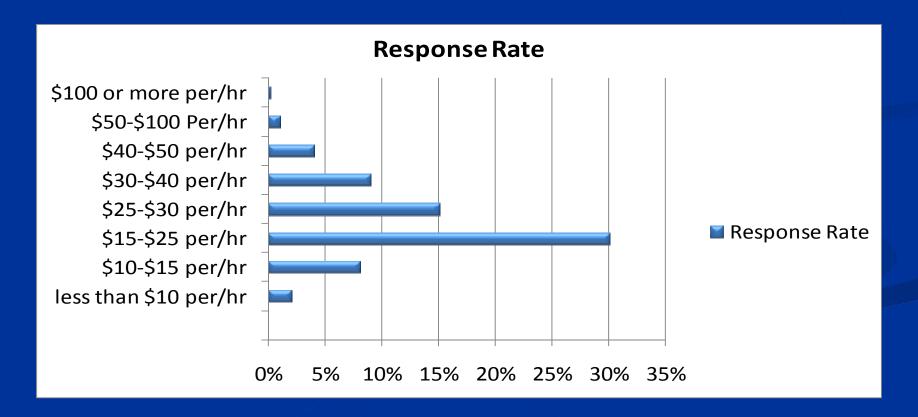








# COMPENSATION RESULTS FOR FULL TIME AND PART TIME MEDICAL INTERPRETERS

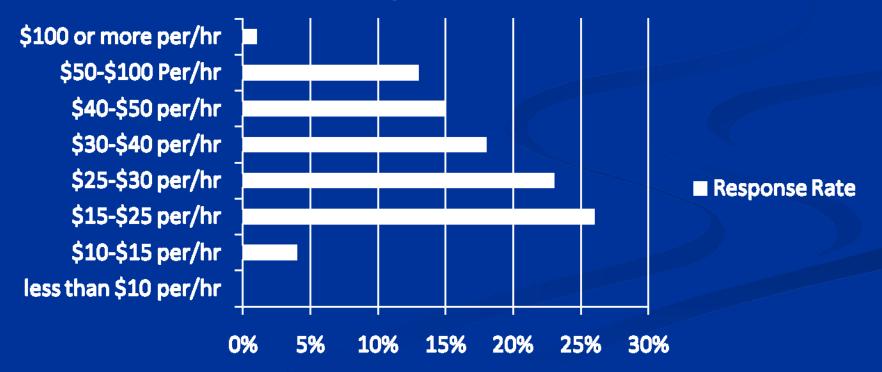






## COMPENSATION RESULTS FOR PER-DIEM MEDICAL INTERPRETERS

#### **Response Rate**

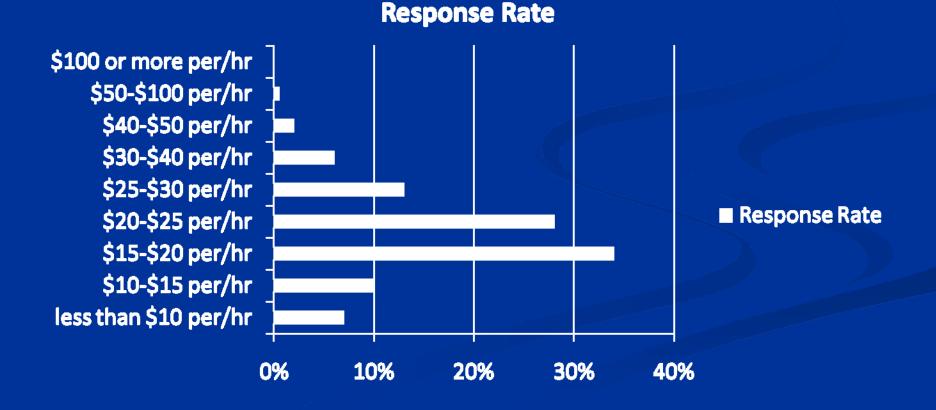






### COMPENSATION RESULTS FOR TELEPHONE OR VIDEO

## MEDICAL INTERPRETER PAID BY HOUR

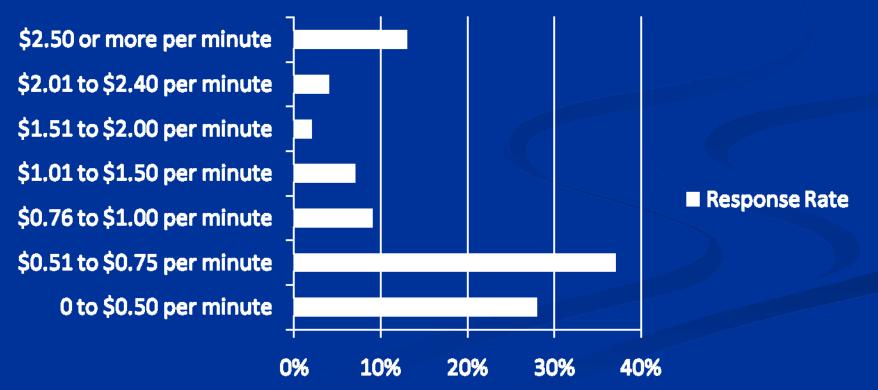






## COMPENSATION RESULTS FOR TELEPHONE AND VIDEO INTERPRETERS PAID BY THE MINUTE

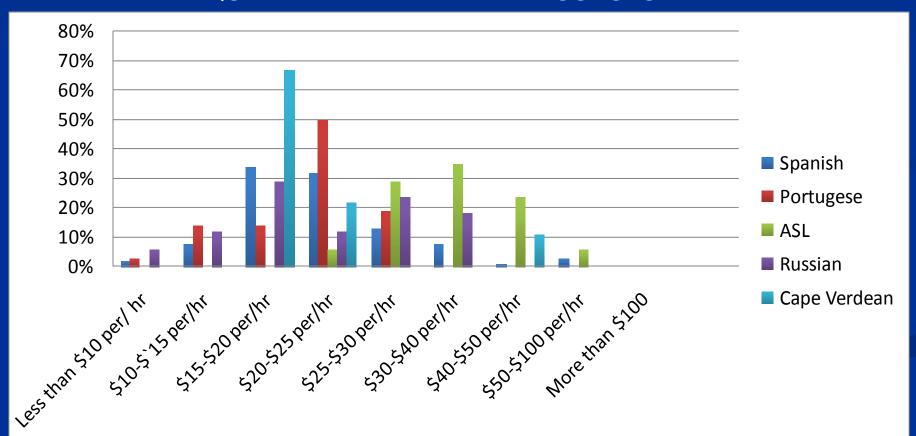
#### **Response Rate**







## COMPENSATION RESULTS FOR THE TOP FIVE MOST FREQUENTLY INTERPRETED LANGUAGES







#### **Benefits**

80% of Full-time or Part Time Medical Interpreters (i.e. Staff)

reported receiving Benefits.

- Respondents reported receiving:
  - Health Insurance 96%
  - Workers' Compensation 72%
  - Unemployment Insurance 61%
  - Retirement pension or 401(k) 82%
  - Life/Disability insurance 75%
  - Vacation/Holidays 96%





## Benefits for Independent Contractors and Per-Diem interpreter

- Health Insurance
  - 44% reported being covered by employer
- Travel Expenses
  - 54% reported being covered by employer
- Continuing Education
  - 24% reported provided by Employer

#### **Hourly Minimum per Assignment**

63% reported being paid a two-Hour Minimum





## Years of Experience in Relation to Compensation

(for full-time and part-time interpreters)

Years Experience	Compensation
Less than 3 years	79% earn \$15-\$25 per hour
3-5 years	67% earn \$15-\$25 per hour
6-10 years	66% earn \$15-\$25 per hour
11-15 years	79% earn \$20-\$25 per hour
16-20 years	52% earn \$20-\$30
More than 20 years	47% earn \$30-\$40





## Years of Education in Relation to Compensation (for full-time and part-time interpreters)

Education	Compensation
High School	75% earn \$15-\$25 per hour
Associates Degree /Some College	71% earn \$15-\$25 per hour
Bachelors Degree	60% earn \$15-\$25 per hour
Masters Degree	54% earn \$15-\$25 per hour
Doctoral Degree	52% earn \$15-\$25 per hour 11% earn \$50 or more per hour





### **Telephonic or Remote Video Interpreters**

- 17% are paid by the hour
  - 77% are paid \$15 \$30 per hour
- 63% are paid by the minute
  - 74% are paid \$0 -\$1 per minute





In your opinion, What characteristics are needed in your area for the medical interpreting specialization to be highly developed?

- National Certification/ Licensure
- Legislation
- More training programs on a university level
- More funding (reimbursements through insurance companies)
- Provider training on how to utilize an interpreter





## The thematic answers were: (Continued from Previous slide)

- Ample equipment for phone interpreting
- Required continuing education courses on new technologies
- Funding for more interpreter positions
- Cultural awareness
- State Licensure regulated by each state
- On site training in clinics and hospitals





#### **Certification Statistics**

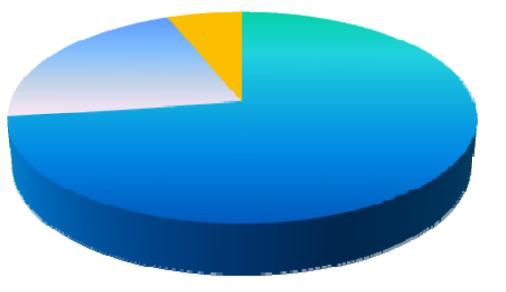
Respondents believe that national certification will have the following effect on the interpreting profession:

- 58% believe that wages and rates will increase with national certification
- 61% believe that national certification will improve medical interpreters working conditions
- Only 15% of respondents are nationally certified





# What effect will National Certification have on the attractiveness of the profession to future interpreters?

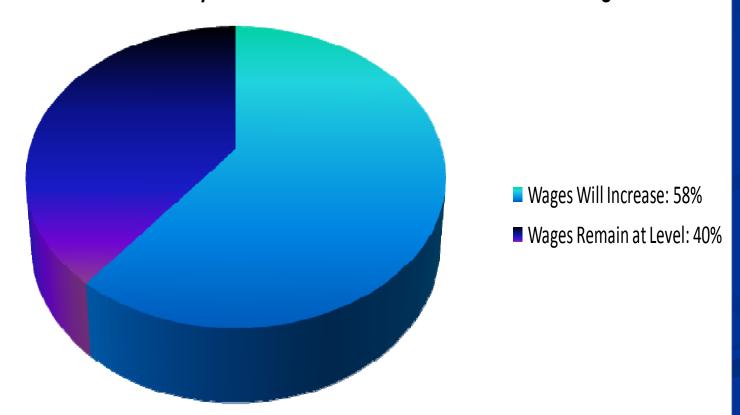


- Attractiveness of the Profession will Improve: 73%
- Attractiveness of the Profession will Remain Same: 21%
- Attractiveness will Worsen: 6%





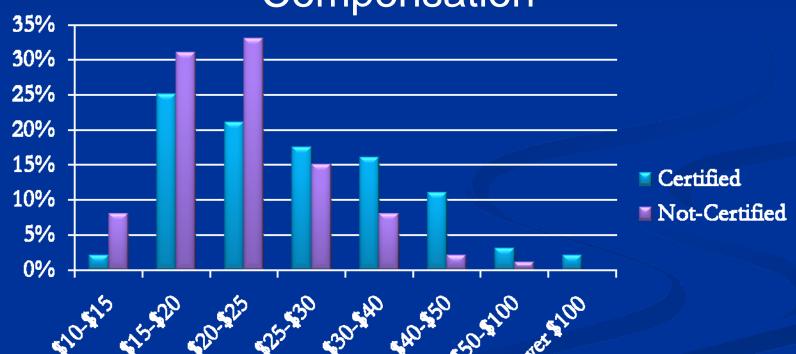
#### What effect do you think National Certification will have on Wages?







## Certification In Relation to Compensation







# If you have any questions about this presentation, please email info@imiaweb.org